

Internet Initiative Japan Inc. Corporate Overview

IR Roadshow in Edinburgh, London, Paris and Milan

June and July 2015 TSE1:3774 NASDAQ:IIJI

Ongoing Innovation

Key Investment Highlights

- Pioneer and Top IP Engineering Company in Japan
- Shifted from ISP to Total Network Solution Provider
- ◆ Target Blue-chip & Governmental Organizations
- Over 8,500 Excellent Japanese Customers
- Growth Strategy with Recurring Revenues & Income Growth

Hot Topics

- Best Positioned in the Growing Outsourcing & Cloud Computing Market
- **♦ MVNO Business Rapidly Growing by Capturing both**Corporate and Consumer needs

TOP IP Engineering Company in Japan

Established	December 1992
Number of Employees (as of Mar. 2015)	Consolidated: 2,835 (approx. 70% engineers)
Listed Markets	NASDAQ (IIJI), TSE1 (3774)
Large Shareholders (as of Mar. 2015)	NTT (21.6%), Koichi Suzuki (5.6%*), NTT Communications(4.4%) *Jointly owned by Mr. Suzuki's wholly owned private company

♦ The first established full-scale ISP in Japan

- Introduced many prototype internet-related network services
- Highly skilled top level IP engineers
- Pioneer of network technologies in Japan
- Operates one of the largest Internet backbone networks in Japan
- Self-develop services and the related back office facilities

Established "IIJ" brand among the Japanese IT market

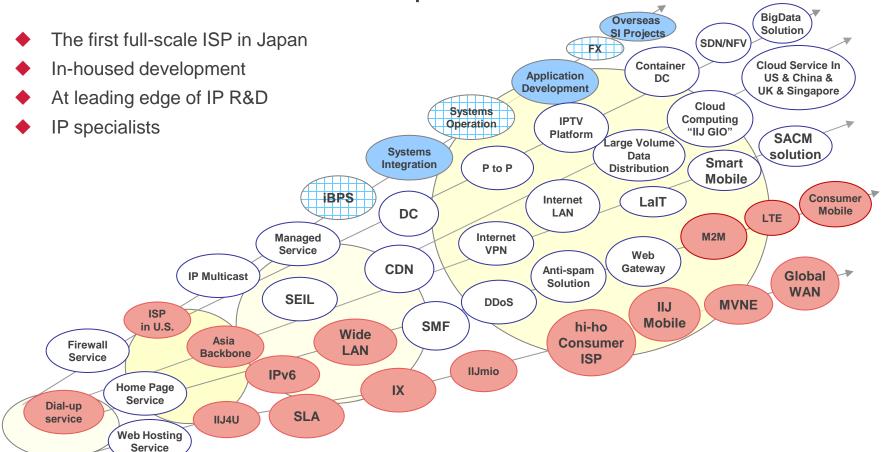
- Known for its engineering & network operation skills
- High customer satisfaction & long term relationship
- Approx. 8,500 clients: mainly large enterprises & governmental organizations

At the leading edge of IP R&D

- Engaged in software development of SDN
- Founding member of JEAG
- ➤ Co-working with MIC* *MIC: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications
- Participation in world-wide research and organizations ...and many more

Entrepreneur of Network Technologies

Business and Service Development to Initiate the Market







1997







Trust

2007









2012

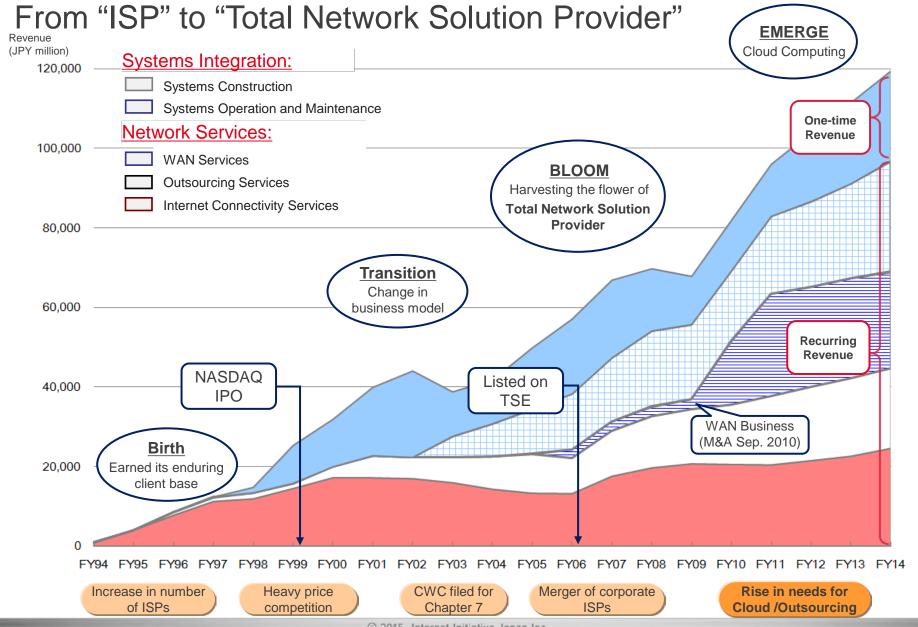


2013 2014



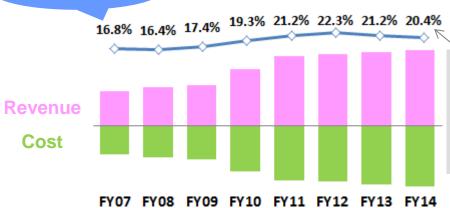


Strategic Shift in Business Model

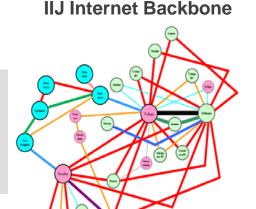


Business Structure of Network Services

Gross margin ratio



Smaller than estimated decrease on NTTDocomo's data communication charge led to an increase in our mobile-related cost which is recognized as outsourcing cost (For detail, please refer to page 19 of this presentation material)



Network services costs don't increase along with network services revenues

• If revenues are accumulated continuously, gross margin should continuously improve

Revenues

- Multiple cross-selling revenue sources provided from the Internet backbone
- Monthly recurring revenue, contract periods are usually 1 year (contracts per network bandwidth)
- Blue-chip clients with mission-critical business, network operator clients (Carriers, ISPs, CATVs, etc)
- Tough competition ended, only a few high-end ISPs survived
- Revenues increase along with bandwidth migration and accumulation of service orders
- Enjoying scale merit along with increasing traffic

Costs

- Strong bargaining power as one of the largest independent ISPs leasing fibers
- Mainly related to circuit-borrowing, network equipment, DC-borrowing, operations, personnel & outsourcing
- While constantly expanding the network, costs barely increase

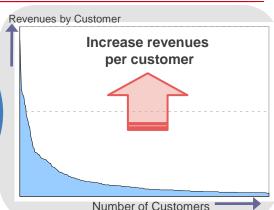
Business Model: Cross-selling of Network Solutions

Internet **Connectivity & WAN** Over 8,500 **Client Base**

Systems Construction

Large scale EC system, Disaster recovery system, Security gateway system etc.

Outsourcing & Systems Operation



Dedicated line connectivity

- ➤IP service (cover over Gbps)
- ≥IPv6 service

Broadband connectivity

- ➤ Optical Fiber/ADSL
- Mobile connectivity (IIJ Mobile) ➤LTE/3G

WAN services

- ➤ Wide area Ethernet/VPN
- ➤ Global WAN

Outsourcing services include:

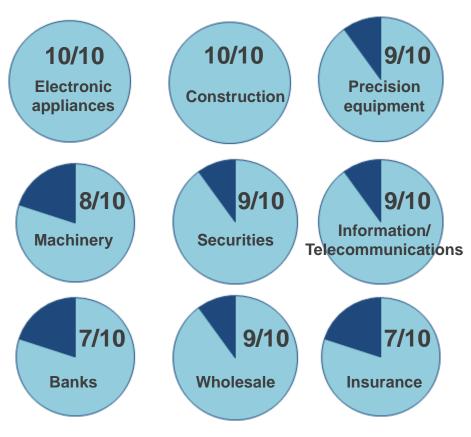
- Security-related services (managed-FW and IPS, DDoS protection, URL filtering, anti-spam etc.)
- Data center-related services (housing, facility management and operation)
- Server-related services (E-mail services, web hosting, online storage, CDN etc.)
- Network-related services (network management and monitoring, VPN, SEIL, SMF etc.)
- IIJ GIO Hosting Package Services (18.2% of FY14 Cloud-related revenues)

Systems operation includes:

- Operation and maintenance of a system constructed in Systems Construction
- **IIJ GIO Component Services** (81.8% of FY14 Cloud-related revenues)

Excellent Blue-chip Client Base

High Market Penetration towards Top Tiers



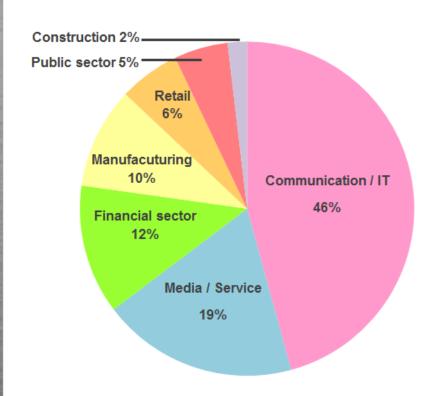
The number of clients among the top 10 companies in each industry.

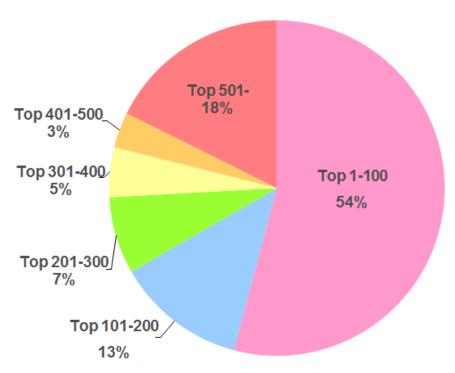
Revenue Composition by Clients

- > Largest customer's revenue is less than 3% of the total revenue
- > Much room to increase revenue per customer

Revenue Distribution by Industry

Revenue Distribution by Clients





Source: IIJ's FY2014 financial results

Competitive Advantages

IIJ can offer NW, Cloud, SI, and MVNO all at once



Cloud Computing Services

Carriers

Internet Connectivity Services
Outsourcing Services
WAN Services

Systems Integrators

Network Integration
Systems Operation
Private Cloud

Telephone Legacy Network Services Mainframe Legacy Systems Operation

IIJ...

has many highly skilled network engineers corresponds to the Internet market rapidly focuses on enterprises

has **an established brand** among blue-chips has flat organization structure

IIJ...

operates its own backbone network
develops network services in-housed
targets new IT market, not legacy SI
has long and rich experience in server operation
has moderate number of employees

Best Positioned in Cloud Market



Target Private Cloud market with Public Cloud infrastructure

Service Features

- > One of the first Cloud providers (2009)
- > Offer public Cloud infrastructure: forefront investment in servers, storages, datacenters etc.
 - ✓ Cloud-related CAPEX: FY13 JPY3.7 billion
- > Promote Cloud shift of blue-chips by continuously expanding service lineups
 - ✓ Microsoft Azure, VMware Hypervisor, SAP Basic, IBM AS400, Oracle Database and many more
 - ✓ Aggressively investing in new service and solution development (BigData, M2M etc.)

Growth Strategy

- > Target large business enterprises' internal IT systems, which are traditionally covered by Slers
- ➤ Leverage blue-chip customer base: IIJ GIO user: 1,260, IIJ group customer: 8,500
- > Chosen for reliable connectivity and skilled operation for network and system
- ➤ Meeting growing corporate needs of large-scale NW systems with SI, Cloud, MVNO and NW services
- > Some advanced integrated cloud usages among primitive and simple system purposes

IIJ GIO's Competitive Advantages

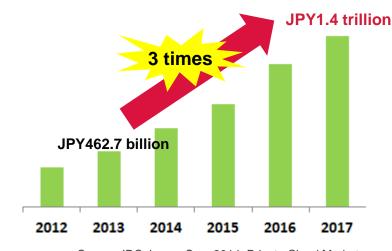
Skilled Systems and Network operation

Blue-chip Customer Base

Covering wide range of corporate needs with SI, MVNO, and NW services Competitive pricing with container DCs

Value-added service development

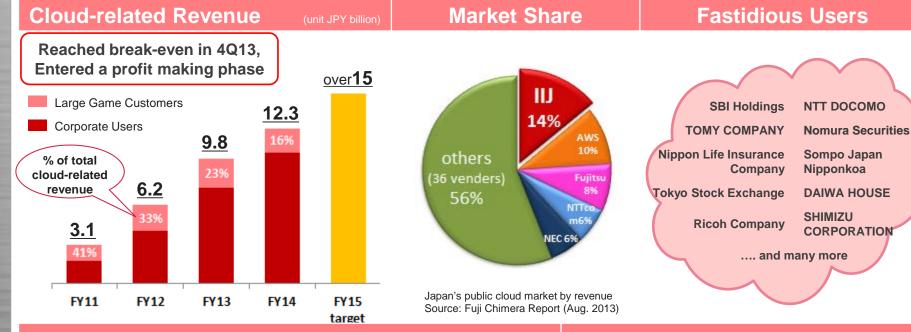
Private Cloud Market Growth in Japan



Source: IDC Japan, Sep. 2014, Private Cloud Market

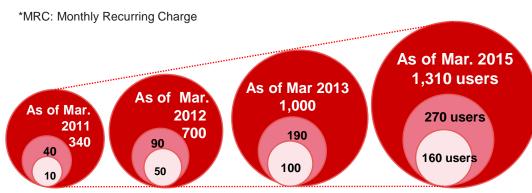
Cloud Business Developments

IIJ GIO



Expansion of Customer Base

- MRC over JPY0.5 million
- MRC over JPY1.0 million



Container Type Datacenter

- First in Japan to commercialize (2011)
- PUE*1.2, applying outside air cooling system
- ➤ Located in western Japan, country side
- Doubled the capacity in Nov. 2013 (48 modules)





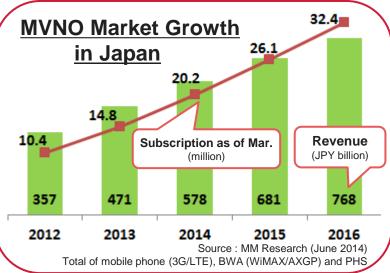
PUE: Power Usage Effectiveness a terminology created by Green Grid as a metric used to determine the energy efficiency for a datacenter

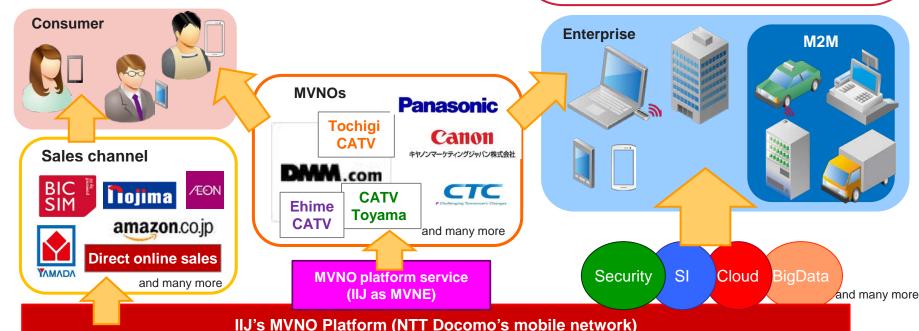
MVNO Business

Business Strategy

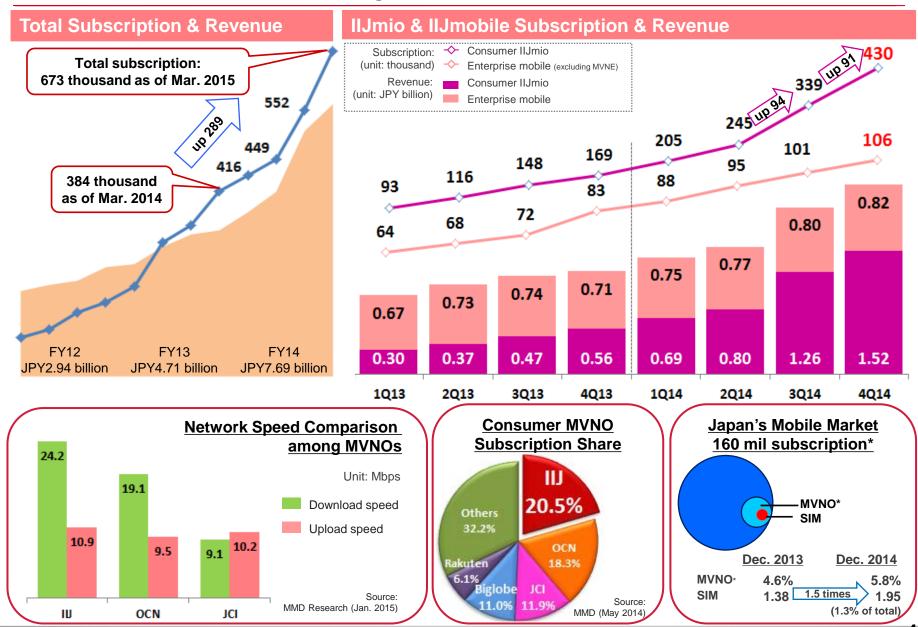
Improve MVNO infrastructure efficiency with enterprise & consumer traffic

- 1st MVNO to use NTT Docomo's network (2008)
- 1st MVNO to offer LTE connectivity (2012)
- Best positioned to meet corporate MVNO demands
 - 1) large-scale MVNO infrastructure (constructed in 2008)
 - 2) one of the largest internet backbone networks
 - 3) various network services
 - 4) offer MVNO, SI, and Cloud, NW all at once

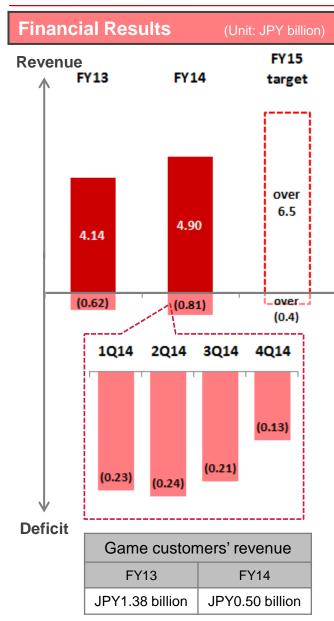




MVNO Business Developments



Overseas Business Developments



Overseas offices

Main subsidiaries	Est.	Employees	Business
IIJ America Inc.	1996	39	Provide mainly ISP services , Cloud services and SI to the Japanese companies in the U.S.A.
IIJ Europe Limited	2012*1	54*2	Provide mainly SI and Cloud services to the Japanese companies in Europe
IIJ Global Solutions China Inc.	2012	18	Provide mainly SI and Cloud services in China
IIJ Global Solutions Singapore Pte. Ltd.	2012*1	18	Provide mainly SI and Cloud services to local and Japanese companies in Singapore
Pt. IIJ Global Solutions Indonesia	2015	-	Provide Cloud-related services operation in Indonesia

Business Developments

- > Requests to support build Cloud infrastructure from Asian countries
 - Jointly provide Cloud services with a local carrier in Indonesia (Mar. 2015)
- > Export container DCs to Laos and Russia, Expect transactions to expand in the middle-to-long term
 - Accumulating similar prospective orders from other emerging countries
- > Enhance network infrastructure including an expansion of Internet backbone
- > Overseas Cloud business developments
 - Enhanced Cloud service lineups for Europe. Providing VMware hypervisor services (Oct. 2014)
 - Launched Cloud services in Singapore (June 2014)



^{*1} Became our subsidiaries

^{*2} Includes IIJ Europe's subsidiary of IIJ Deutschland GmbH

ATM Operation Business Developments

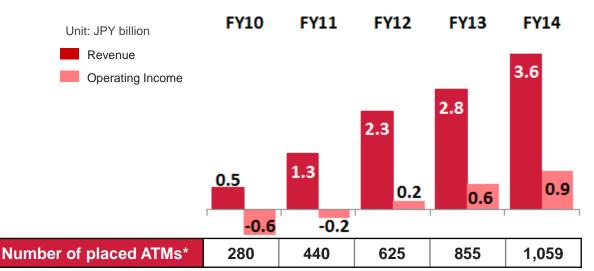


Total number of ATMs & daily transaction per ATM are the keys to the profit growth

Business Model

- Similar to "Seven Bank" model, high profitability
 - Seven Bank: 18,142 ATMs, revenue JPY106.0 billion, profit ratio 34.0% as of March 31, 2014
- ➤ Placing ATMs in Pachinko parlors in Japan with dominant position
 - After long discussion, started to place in Kanto, Kansai, Kyushu and Tokai areas
- Receive commission for each withdrawal transaction
- ➤ Strong revenue & income driver in mid-term
 - Approx.11,900 Pachinko parlors in Japan as of Dec. 2013 (Metropolitan Police Dept.)
- < Trust Networks Inc. >
- 79.5% subsidiary
- Established in July 2007
- Pursue ATM operation business

Revenue and Income growth





*Number of placed ATMs are as of May each year except for FY14 which is the number as of Mar. 2015

IIJ Group - The Way Forward

Environment

Japanese enterprise systems at a turning point

- ➤ Mainstream adoption of cloud services, outsourcing of corporate IT systems, M2M and IoT usages, collapse of legacy SI business model etc.
- > Systems becoming larger and requiring Cloud, MVNO, and network services all at once
- ➤ Data traffic explosion: 4K, 8K contents distribution, pervasive usage of smart phones, portable devises etc.

IIJ Position

Best positioned to capture the growing demand with the combination of NW services, SI expertise, MVNO infrastructure

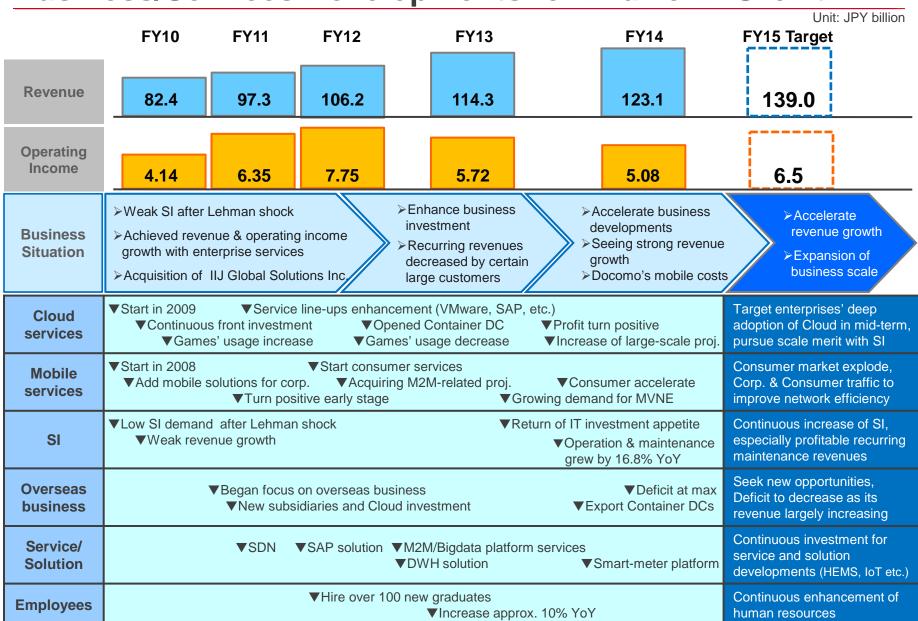
- Expertise in operating large Internet backbone network
- ➤ Blue-chip customer base of over 8,500 entities
- Long history of developing various network services
- A number of highly skilled engineers
- Continuously taking initiatives in network technology field

Action

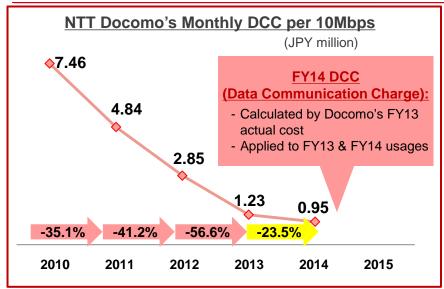
Aggressive business investment leap into the next phase of growth

- Stronger management structure: CEO Suzuki & COO Katsu
- > Enhancement of human resources: number of employees increased by approx. 10%
- Further focus on service & solution development (Cloud, mobile, BigData etc.)
- Overseas business expansion:
 - Building stronger relationship with Japanese customers
 - Seeking growth opportunities outside of Japan
- Continuous service facility investment (Doubled container type DC capacity)

Business/Services Developments for Mid Term Growth

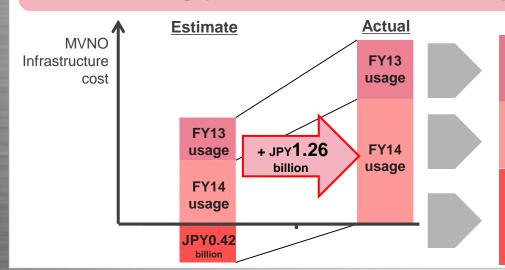


MVNO infrastructure cost & its impact for FY14 financial



MVNO infrastructure cost for NTT Docomo: Data Communication Charge ("DCC")

- Mobile infrastructure leasing fee from Docomo
- Fixed charge by bandwidth
- Regulated price by government (MIC & guideline)
- Same flat-rate for all MVNOs
- Renews every year based on Docomo's actual cost
- Decreased dramatically in recent years
- Fixed 1 year after, applied to current and a previous year
- DCC payment for FY14 has been deducted 40% from 1Q14 by Docomo's arrangement
- FY14 DCC fixed in March 2015
- FY14 DCC decrease is not so large, against our expectation
- FY14 DCC gap between estimate & actual impacted FY14 profit by JPY1.26 billion



GAP: + JPY 0.20 billion

FY14 DCC applied to FY13 usage, reflected in FY14 financial results (Should have in FY13)

GAP: + JPY 0.64 billion

FY14 DCC applied to FY14 usage, reflected in FY14 financial results

GAP: + JPY 0.42 billion

FY14 DCC will down in FY15. But, not to record its impact in FY14 financial results (due to accounting reason)

FY2015 Dividend Forecast

IIJ conducted a 1:200 stock split on common stock with an effective date of October 1, 2012. Dividend figures shown below are retroactively adjusted to reflect the stock split.



I. Summary of FY2014 Financial Results

<	FY	'20	14	Res	ults>
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< FY2015 Target > %: YoY change

Revenues
Gross margin
Operating income
Net Income attributable to IIJ

JPY123.1 billion up 7.7%
JPY22.1 billion up 4.8%
JPY5.1 billion down 11.3%
JPY3.3 billion down 25.2%

JPY139.0 billion up 13.0% JPY25.1 billion up 13.7% JPY6.5 billion up 28.1% JPY4.0 billion up 20.4%

FY14 Business Developments

Continuous business enhancement for mid-to- long term growth

Revenue: JPY7.69 billion (up JPY2.99 billion YoY) Subscription: 673,000 (up 289,000 YoY)			
MVNO	Market & demand expanding, tailwind for subscription increase • Consumer subscription₁:169,000 (Mar. 2014)→430,000 (Mar. 2015) • MVNE subscription₁: 41,000 (Mar. 2014)→ 95,000 (Mar. 2015)		
Cloud Revenue: JPY12.26 billion (up JPY2.43 billion YoY) Enterprise usage continued to grow, Game usage flattish growt			
		Overseas	Revenue: JPY4.90 billion (up 18.4% YoY)
Business	Deficite IDVA 91 billion (EVA) deficie IDVA on EULen		
	Export container DCs, provide Cloud, expand Internet backbone etc.		

➤ Number of employees increased by 20.5% YoY (excluding M&A, up 9.3% YoY) 2,353 (Mar. 2014) → 2,835 (Mar. 2015)

FY14 Financial Results

- Revenue grew by 7.7% YoY with revenue accumulation of mobile, Cloud and SI, Stronger growth in 2H14 (up 10.0% YoY)
- Operating income decreased due to the increased operating cost* along with proactive business expansion and weak gross margin growth
 - Personnel-related cost increased by JPY1.91 billion, mobile-related costs increased by approx. JPY2.3 billion, recognized approx. JPY0.5 billion for 1H14 HQ relocation, smaller than estimated mobile connectivity charge decrease
 - *1 IIJmio High-Speed mobile/D services subscription
 - *2 IIJ mobile MVNO Platform services subscription

FY15 Plan: Accelerated revenue growth & Expansion of business scale

MVNO	<u>Target over 1 million subscription, revenue of JPY13 billion</u> Market expansion, more SIM-lock free devises, MVNE/M2M growing demand etc.
Cloud	Target revenue of over JPY15 billion Continuous service line-ups expansion, emphasis on SAP business, leverage SI to capture large scale projects, promote level-up of infrastructure etc.
Oversea Busines	

- ➤ Introduce strategically new services
 (Cloud-related and gateway-related new services from 2H15)
- Continuous investment for new areas (IoT, BigData, HEMS*3 etc.)
- ➤ Enhanced human resources, including employees to replace outsourcing resources
- ➤ Seeking to accelerate growth with M&A implementation (not included in FY15 fin. target)

*3 Home Energy Management System

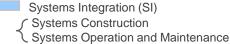
Consolidated Financial Results for FY2014

Unit: JPY billion

					Unit. JP f bil
	% of Revenues FY14 (Apr. 2014 -Mar. 2015)	% of Revenues FY13 (Apr. 2013 -Mar. 2014)	YoY Change in %	% of Revenues FY15 Target (Apr. 2014 -Mar. 2015)	YoY Change in %
Total Revenues	123.1	114.3	+7.7%	139.0	+13.0%
Total Cost of Revenues	82.1% 101.0	81.6% 93.2	+8.3%	81.9% 113.9	+12.8%
Gross Margin	17.9% 22.1	18.4% 21.1	+4.8%	18.1% 25.1	+13.7%
SG&A/R&D	13.8% 17.0	13.4% 15.3	+10.8%	13.4% 18.6	+9.4%
Operating Income	4.1% 5.1	5.0% 5.7	(11.3%)	4.7% 6.5	+28.1%
Income before Income Tax Expense	4.2% 5.1	5.5% 6.3	(18.1%)	4.6% 6.4	+24.5%
Net Income attributable to IIJ	2.7% 3.3	3.9% 4.4	(25.2%)	2.9% 4.0	+20.4%

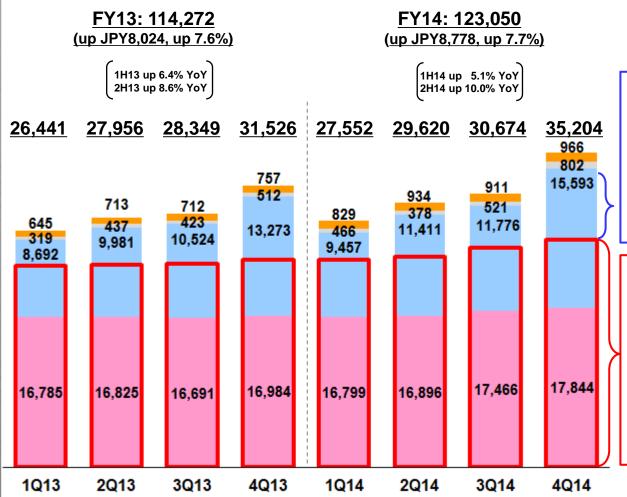
II - 2. Revenues







Unit: JPY million
VoY = FY14 compared to FY13



One-time Revenue *

FY14: JPY22,604 million (up 11.0% YoY) (18.4% of FY14 revenue)

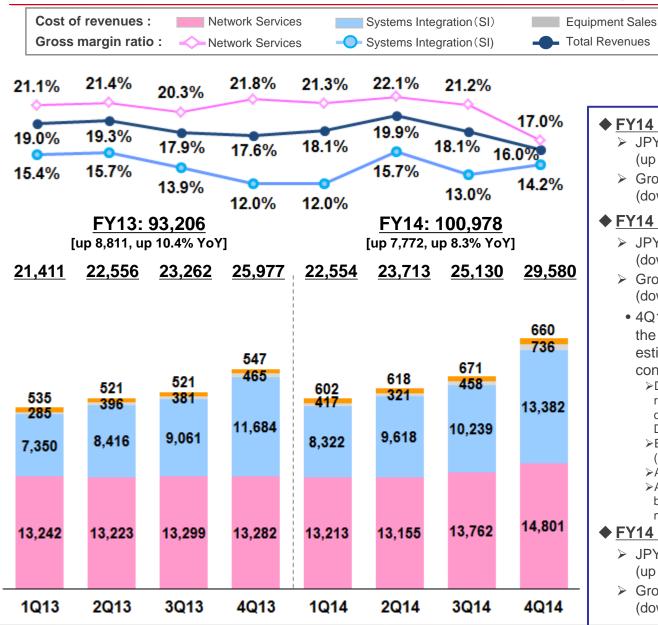
- * Revenue which is recognized when systems or equipment are delivered and accepted by customers
- 1. Systems Construction
- 2. Equipment Sales

Recurring Revenue*

FY14: JPY96,806 million (up 6.3% YoY)1H14 up 3.5% YoY, 2H14 up 9.1% YoY (78.7% of FY14 revenue)

- * Represents the following monthly recurring revenues
- 1. Internet Connectivity Services (Enterprise)
- 2. Internet Connectivity Services (Consumer)
- 3. Outsourcing Services
- 4. WAN Services
- 5. Systems Operation and Maintenance

II - 3. Cost of Revenues and Gross Margin Ratio



Unit: JPY million
YoY = FY14 compared to FY13

◆ FY14 Total Gross Margin:

> JPY22,073 million (up JPY1,006 million, up 4.8% YoY)

ATM Operation Business

Gross margin ratio: 17.9% (down 0.5 points YoY)

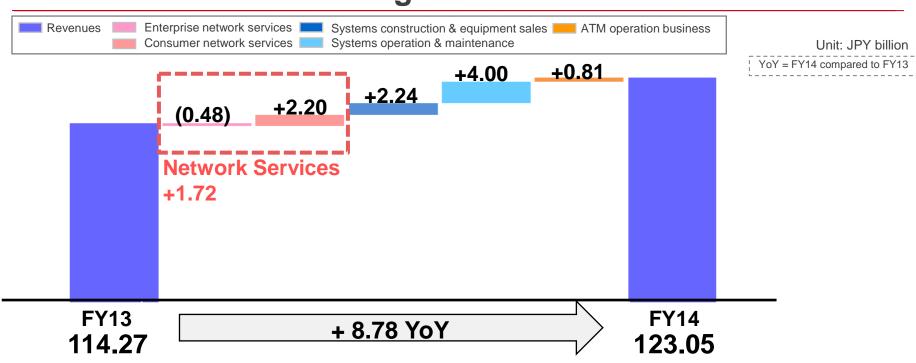
◆ FY14 Network Service Gross Margin

- > JPY14,073 million (down JPY167 million, down 1.2% YoY)
- Gross margin ratio: 20.4% (down 0.8 points YoY)
- 4Q14 gross margin decreased due to the impact of applying the smaller than estimated decreased rate of mobile connectivity charge (fixed in Mar. 2015)
 - ➤ During FY14, the mobile cost were recognized 40% off of the actual costs based on a payment arrangement proposed by Docomo to all of its MVNOs
 - ➤ Estimated decrease rate: around 50% (56.6% decrease in last year)
 - ➤ Actual decreased rate: 23.5%
 - Approx. JPY0.36 billion plus impact in 4Q14 by applying the revised charge to 1Q14-3Q14 mobile costs

◆ FY14 SI Gross Margin:

- JPY6,676 million (up JPY717 million, up 12.0% YoY)
- Gross margin ratio: 13.8% (down 0.2 points YoY)

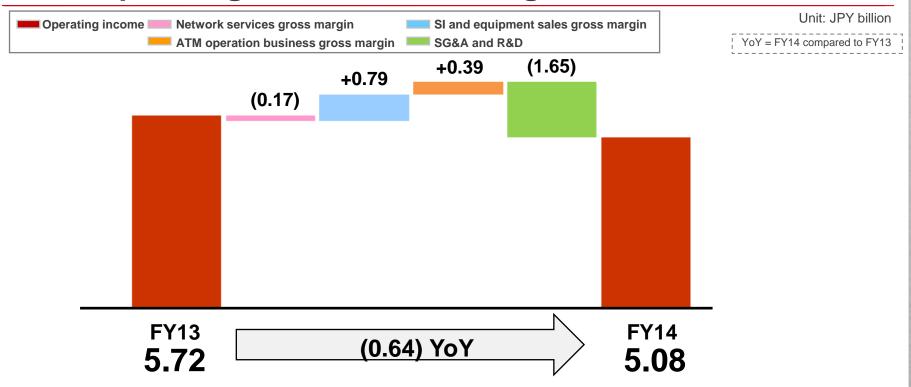
Revenue YoY Change



- ◆ FY14 Revenues: JPY123.05 billion (up JPY8.78 billion, up 7.7% YoY)
 - Total revenues were in line with initial target. Strong revenue growth of consumer network services and systems integration absorbed the weaker than expected enterprise network services revenue accumulation.
 - Enterprise network services revenues did not grow as much as planned. WAN services revenue decreased by JPY0.68 billion YoY.
 - Consumer network services revenue significantly grew due to the strong revenue growth of IIJmio High-speed mobile/D services which increased by JPY2.56 billion YoY. It included a negative impact of revenue decrease by approx. JPY0.2 billion due to the change in revenue recognition on traditional Flet's services to net.
 - Systems construction and equipment sales revenues (one-time revenue) increased by 11.0% YoY mainly because of an increase in project scale.
 - Systems operation and maintenance revenue grew with Cloud-related revenue whose contribution was an increase of JPY2.32 billion YoY and ordinary systems operation and maintenance revenue whose contribution was an increase of JPY1.68 billion YoY.

^{*1} Consumer network services: Internet connectivity services for consumer
*2 Enterprise network services: Internet connectivity services for enterprise, outsourcing services, and WAN services

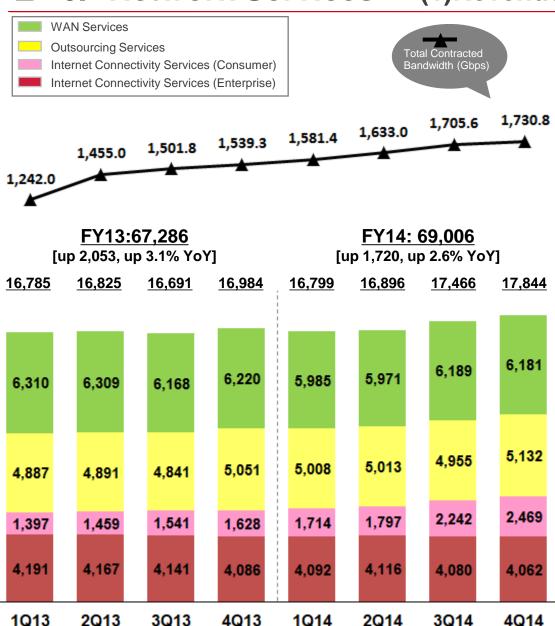
II-5. Operating Income YoY Change



- ◆ FY14 Operating income: JPY5.08 billion (down JPY0.64 billion, down 11.3% YoY)
 - <u>Operating income</u> decreased because of a weak network service gross margin, which is mainly because a weak enterprise network services revenue accumulation could not cover the increasing costs.
 - <u>Network services gross margin</u> decreased mainly because enterprise network services' weak revenue accumulation, an increase in cost along with strong consumer revenue growth, and weaker than estimated decrease rate of mobile connectivity charge.
 - SI gross margin was almost in line with initial plan. SI revenue growth covered 1Q and 3Q unprofitable projects.
 - <u>SG&A</u> slightly exceed initial plan mainly due to an increase in sales commission expenses related to mobile sales activity.

 Personnel-related expenses increased by JPY0.78 billion YoY, sales commission expenses increased by JPY0.27 billion YoY Recognized approx. JPY0.5 billion for the headquarter relocation.
- Overseas business deficit increased by JPY0.19 billion YoY almost as planned.
 Costs related to new service/solution development increased by approx. JPY0.3 billion YoY

II - 6. Network Services (1) Revenues



Unit: JPY million

YoY = FY14 compared to FY13, QoQ = 4Q14 compared to 3Q14

◆ Internet Connectivity (Enterprise)

➤FY14: JPY16,350 million (down JPY235 million, down 1.4% YoY)

- Mobile service revenue continued to increase
- Over 1Gbps contracts:
 - ✓ As of 4Q14-end: 340 contracts
 - √ As of 4Q13-end: 271 contracts

◆ Internet Connectivity (Consumer)

➤FY14: JPY8,222 million

(up JPY2,197 million, up 36.5% YoY)

- IIJmio mobile service continued to accumulate
 ✓4Q14-end subscription: 430 thousand
 (up 261 thousand YoY, up 91 thousand QoQ)
 - ✓ FY14 revenue: JPY4.26 billion (up 2.56 billion YoY)
 - ✓ Expect Flet's bundled service (launched in Mar. 2015) to contribute in accelerating mobile subscription accumulation

◆ Outsourcing Services

- ➤FY14: JPY20,108 million (up JPY438 million, up 2.2% YoY)
- IIJ/GIO Hosting Service grew slightly due to a decline in demand from game customers
- Due to a termination of a large-scale overseas datacenter contract for a game customer, the revenue decreased by JPY0.43 billion YoY

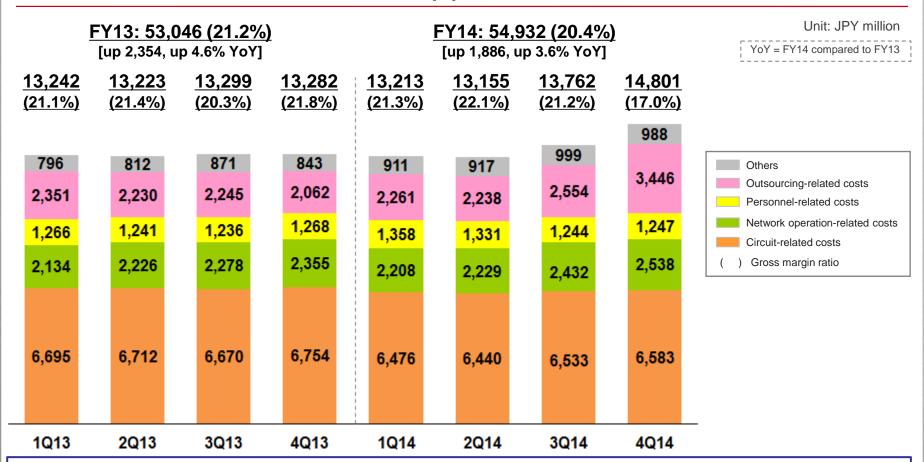
◆ WAN Services

➤FY14: JPY24,326 million

(down JPY680 million, down 2.7% YoY)

➤ While revenue decreased at the beginning of FY14 with the renewal of a large contract, maintained revenue by accumulating new orders during FY14

II - 6. Network Services (2)Cost of Revenues



- ◆ FY14 Cost of Network Services: up JPY1,886 million, up 3.6% YoY
 - Mobile-related cost (recognized in outsourcing-related costs) increased along with the increase in mobile services subscription and traffic volume
 - ➤ 4Q14 outsourcing-related costs temporarily increased because of the recognition of approx. JPY0.36 billion which comes from the gap between the actual and our estimated connection charge of mobile-related cost in 1Q14-3Q14
 - > Circuit-related costs decreased by JPY0.8 billion YoY mainly due to a decrease in WAN services revenue
 - Depreciation and amortization costs (recognized in network operation-related costs) increased by JPY0.45 billion YoY mainly due to upgrading our network to 100Gbps compatible environment and enhancing mobile infrastructure

5.793

2Q13

6.749

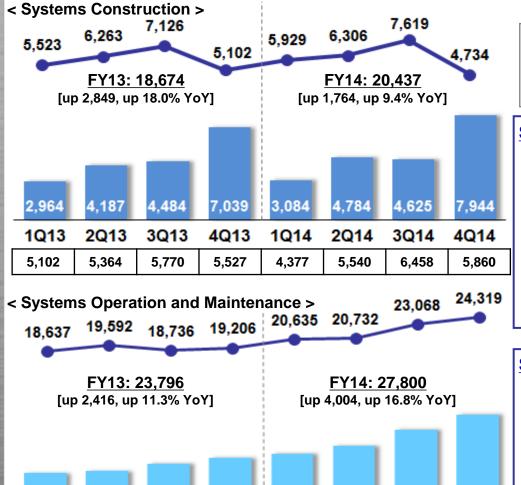
5.728

1Q13

7.988

II - 7. Systems Integration (SI)

(1)Revenues



6.234

4Q13

6.704

6.040

3Q13

5.183

6.373

1Q14

7.803

6.627

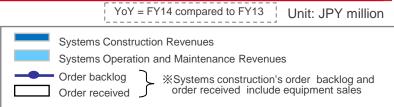
2Q14

6.724

7.151

3Q14

9.487



Systems construction revenues

- ◆ FY14 revenue: up JPY1,764 million, up 9.4% YoY
- ◆ FY14 order received: up JPY473 million, up 2.2% YoY
- ◆ Revenue increased due to an increase in projects scale
- Large-scale projects received in 4Q14:
 - Comprehensive security systems for overseas offices
 - Unified network for a prominent insurance agency group
- Upgrading core business operation systems for a major online trading company
- Large-scale database storage system for a university etc.

Systems operation and maintenance revenue

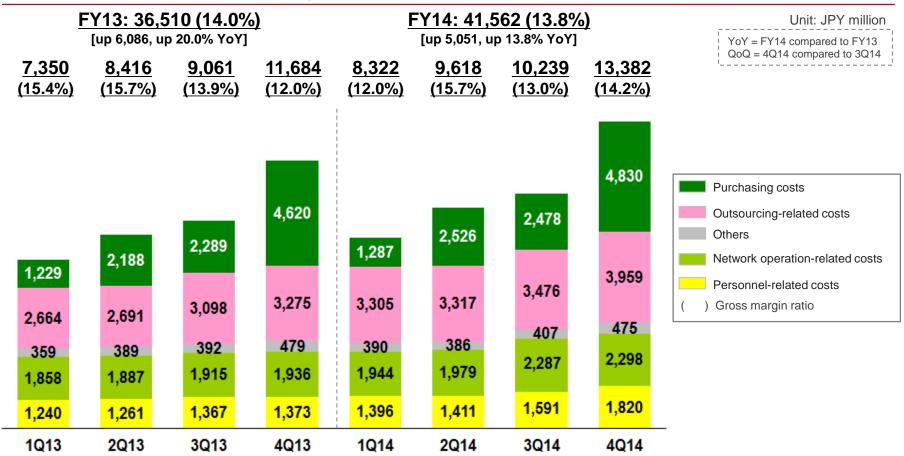
- ◆ FY14 revenue: up JPY4,004 million, up 16.8% YoY
- ➤ Added RYUKOSHA's 4Q14 revenue (JPY347 million)
- ➤81.8% of FY14 Cloud-related revenue is recognized in systems operation and maintenance revenues (18.2% in outsourcing)
- ➤ Breakdown of the revenue growth:
 - From Cloud-related, up JPY2,322 million, up 30.1% YoY
- From ordinary operation and maintenance, up JPY1,682 million, up 10.5% YoY
- ◆ FY14 order received: up JPY6,288 million, up 23.6% YoY

7.650

4Q14

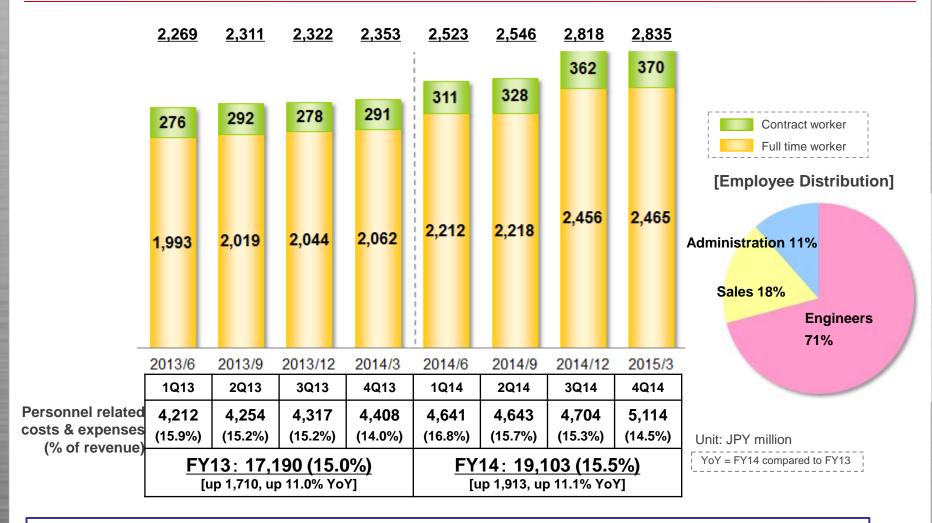
8.900

II - 7. Systems Integration (SI) (2)Cost of Revenues



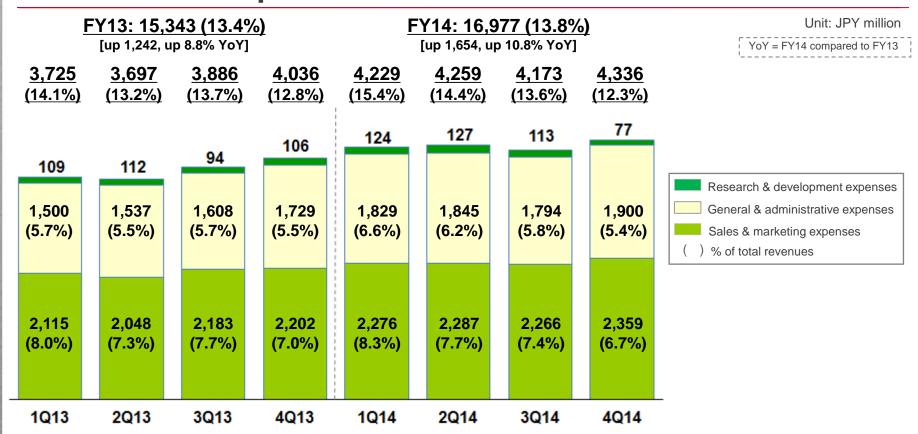
- ◆ FY14 Cost of SI: up JPY5,051 million, up 13.8% YoY
 - Number of outsourcing personnel as of Mar. 2015: 969 personnel (up 186 personnel YoY, up 21 personnel QoQ)
 - Purchasing costs and outsourcing-related costs increased as construction projects' scale expanded.
 - 4Q14 personnel-related costs increased due to an acquisition of RYUKOSHA whose 4Q14 personnel-related costs was JPY263 million.
 - > 4Q14 gross margin ratio improved as no material incident of asset disposal and/or unprofitable projects.

II-8. Number of Employees



- ◆ FY14 personnel-related costs and expenses: up JPY1,913 million, up 11.1% YoY
- ◆ Number of employees (up 264) and personnel-related expenses increased due to an acquisition of RYUKOSHA (Dec. 2014)
- ◆ Hired 155 newly graduates in Apr. 2015, which includes 16 for RYUKOSHA and 13 for replacing outsourcing resources (129 new graduates in Apr. 2014)

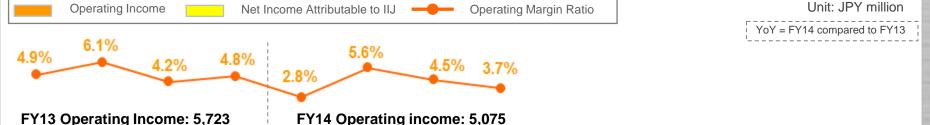
II - 9. SG&A Expenses/R&D



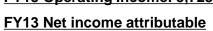
- ◆ FY14 SG&A Expenses/R&D: up JPY1,654 million, up 10.8% YoY
 - > Increase in personnel-related, outsourcing-related, rent/relocation expenses, commission payments (recruiting agent fee etc.), and sales commission expenses (mobile-related)
- ◆ Costs and expenses related to 1H14 headquarter relocation*: approx. JPY0.5 billion *double rent, relocation fee, depreciation and disposal of assets, etc.
- ◆ SG&A related to ATM operation business:
 4Q14:JPY73.4 million, 3Q14:JPY45.9 million, 2Q14:JPY45.4 million, 1Q14:JPY37.6 million, 4Q13:JPY31.2 million
 - > 1,059 ATMs in operation as of Mar. 31, 2015

Operating Income and Net Income

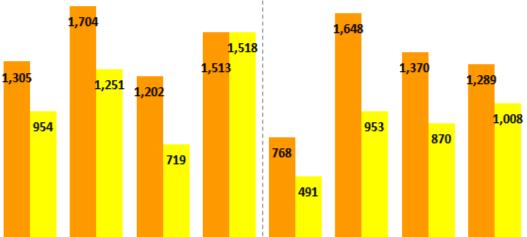
to IIJ: 3.322



FY14 Net income attributable







♦ Income before income tax expenses:

- > FY14: JPY5,139 million (down JPY1,136 million, down 18.1% YoY)
- Interest expense: JPY238 million
- Dividend income: JPY63 million
- Gains from fund investments: JPY171 million

◆ Net income attributable to IIJ:

- > FY14: JPY3,322 million (down JPY1,120 million, down 25.2% YoY)
- Equity in net income of Internet Revolution and Internet Multifeed: JPY155 million
- Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests related to Trust Networks: JPY75 million

1Q13	2Q13	3Q13	4Q13	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	
269	804	378	1,044	220	624	523	319	Current income tax expense
268	(99)	221	(1,090)	132	98	36	(55)	Deferred tax expense (benefit)
65	61	64	13	34	35	46	40	Equity in net income of equity method investees
(5)	(22)	(24)	(191)	(18)	(24)	(15)	(18)	Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests

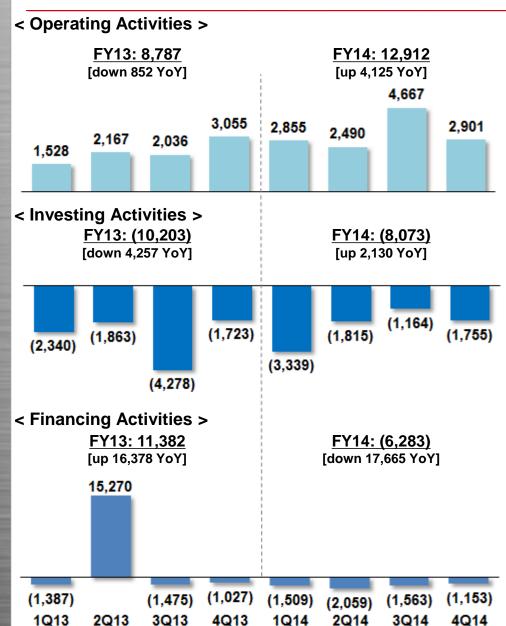
II - 11. Consolidated Balance Sheets (Summary)

Unit: JPY million

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2015	Changes
Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,421	21,094	(1,327)
Accounts Receivable	19,214	22,252	+3,038
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses (Current and Noncurrent)	7,432	7,835	+404
Investments in Equity Method Investees	2,086	2,561	+475
Other Investments	6,356	6,661	+305
Property and Equipment	26,971	29,370	+2,399
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets	10,309	10,111	(198)
Guarantee Deposits (Current and Noncurrent)	2,727	2,800	+73
Total Assets	103,867	108,705	+4,839
Accounts Payable	12,542	13,626	+1,084
Income Taxes Payable	1,079	499	(580)
Bank Borrowings (Short-term and Long-term)	10,380	9,250	(1,130)
Capital Lease Obligations (Current and Noncurrent)	8,356	7,863	(494)
Total Liabilities	43,686	45,862	+2,176
Common Stock	25,497	25,500	+3
Additional Paid-in Capital	35,962	36,014	+52
Accumulated Deficit	(2,868)	(556)	+2,311
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	1,713	1,939	+226
Total IIJ Shareholders' Equity	59,912	62,504	+2,592

➤ Total IIJ Shareholders' Equity to Total Assets: 57.7% as of Mar. 31, 2014 and 57.5% as of Mar. 31, 2015

II - 12. Consolidated Cash Flows



(Un	It:	JP'	y n	NIIII	on

+1,549

+3,009

YoY = FY14 compared to FY13

428

(590)

Operating Activities	<u>FY14</u> <u>Breakdown</u>	YoY Change
Net income	3,397	(1,287)
Depreciation and amortization	9,677	+854

Net gain on other non-cash

Fluctuation of operating assets

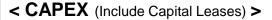
transactions

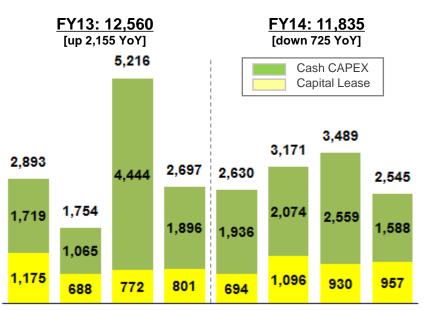
and liabilities

Investing Activities	FY14 Breakdown	YoY Change
Purchases of property and equipment	(8,157)	+967
Payments of guarantee deposits	(1,636)	(947)
Refund of guarantee deposits	1.573	+1.553

Financing Activities	FY14 Breakdown	YoY Change
Principal payments under capital leases	(4,194)	(225)
Repayments of borrowings (short and long-term)	(1,130)	(120)
Dividends paid	(1,011)	(100)

II - 13. Other Financial Data (CAPEX etc.)





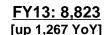
1Q13 2Q13 3Q13 4Q13 1Q14 2Q14 3Q14 4Q14

< Breakdown of CAPEX >

(Unit: approx. JPY billion)

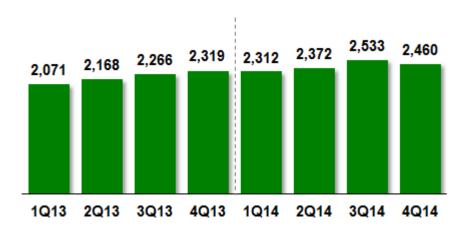
	FY13	FY14	
Network update, back office investment etc.	8.0	8.9	
Cloud-related (of Matsue DCP)	3.7 (1.6)	1.7 (0.1)	
Headquarter relocation	0.4	0.6	
ATM operation business	0.5	0.6	

< Depreciation and Amortization >

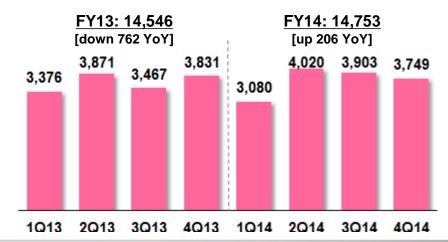


Unit: JPY million YoY = FY14 compared to FY13

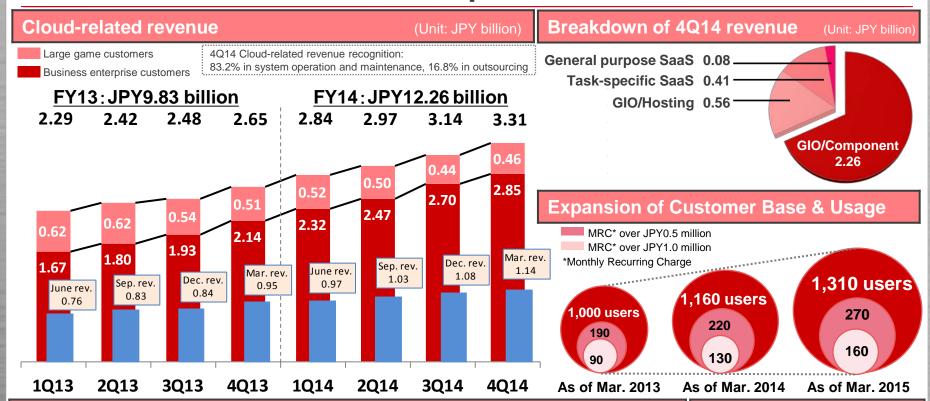
FY14: 9,677 [up 854 YoY]



< Adjusted EBITDA >



III-1. Cloud Business Developments



Business Progress

- Seeking enterprise IT demand continuously
 - Introducing Cloud-based online security solution which is already used by a major Japanese commercial bank to other financial institutions
- > Large game customers' demand slowing down

Large game customers' revenue & its ratio to total Cloud revenue (Unit: JPY billion)

1.27 (41.0%) 2.08 (33.4%)		2.29 (23.3%)	1.92 (15.7%)		
	FY11	FY11 FY12		FY14	

- New area, gradually expanding:
- SAP business:
 - Accelerated order accumulation with increasing number of partners
- Promoting Cloud migration of SAP systems with SAP HANA Cloud services
- BigData-related projects:
 - Acquiring orders with "IIJ GIO BigData Lab," introductory BigData solution

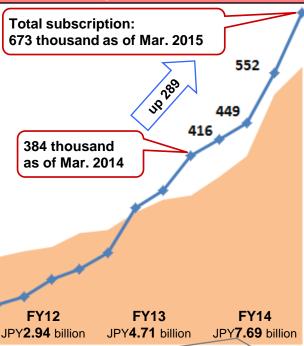
FY2015 Plan

Target revenue of over JPY15 billion, profit to improve by approx. JPY0.4 billion along with the revenue growth

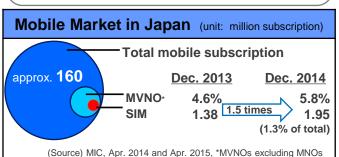
- Continuous enhancement of service line-ups
- Upgrade of Cloud service infrastructure
- Focus on acquiring large scale projects by leveraging SI etc.

III-2. MVNO Business Developments

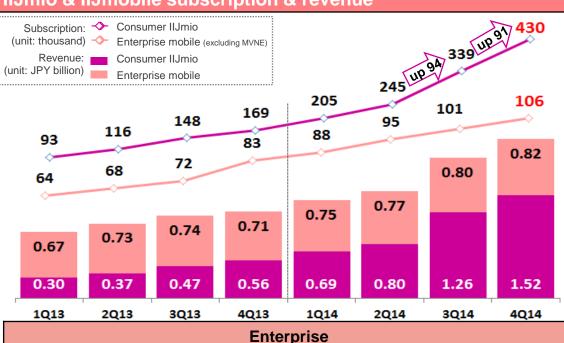
Total subscription & revenue



Breakdov	Breakdown of FY14 revenue (unit: JPY billion)				
1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14		
1.46	1.64	2.18	2.41		



IIJmio & IIJmobile subscription & revenue



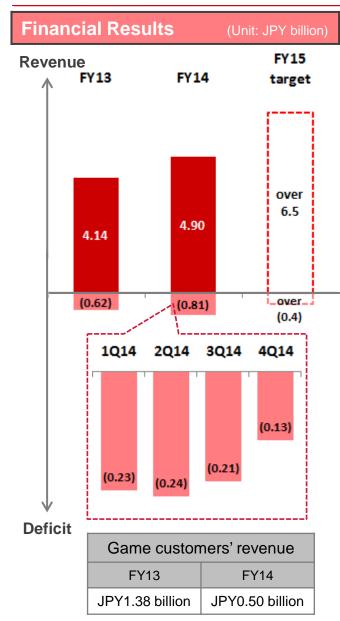
• FY14 MVNE-related revenue: approx. JPY0.5 billion (up approx. 40% YoY)

- ✓ Growing demand for MVNE business as seen in cases of Panasonic, Cable TV operators, prominent contents delivery company and many more
- FY14 M2M-related revenue: approx. JPY0.4 billion (up approx. 40% YoY)
 - ✓ Accumulating orders of integrated projects where M2M platform, mobile, and Cloud are needed all at once especially from sensors manufacturing companies

Consumer

- Maintaining strong subscription growth pace
 - ✓ Expansion of sales counters (16 as of Apr. 2015, covering from Hokkaido to Okinawa)
 - ✓ Competitive and various price lists to cover a wide range of needs
- Making efforts to improve brand recognition through hosting events for consumers etc.

Ⅲ-3. Overseas Business Developments



Overseas offices

Main subsidiaries	Est.	Employees	Business
IIJ America Inc.	1996	39	Provide mainly ISP services , Cloud services and SI to the Japanese companies in the U.S.A.
IIJ Europe Limited	2012*1	54*2	Provide mainly SI and Cloud services to the Japanese companies in Europe
IIJ Global Solutions China Inc.	2012	18	Provide mainly SI and Cloud services in China
IIJ Global Solutions Singapore Pte. Ltd.	2012*1	18	Provide mainly SI and Cloud services to local and Japanese companies in Singapore
Pt. IIJ Global Solutions Indonesia	2015	-	Provide Cloud-related services operation in Indonesia

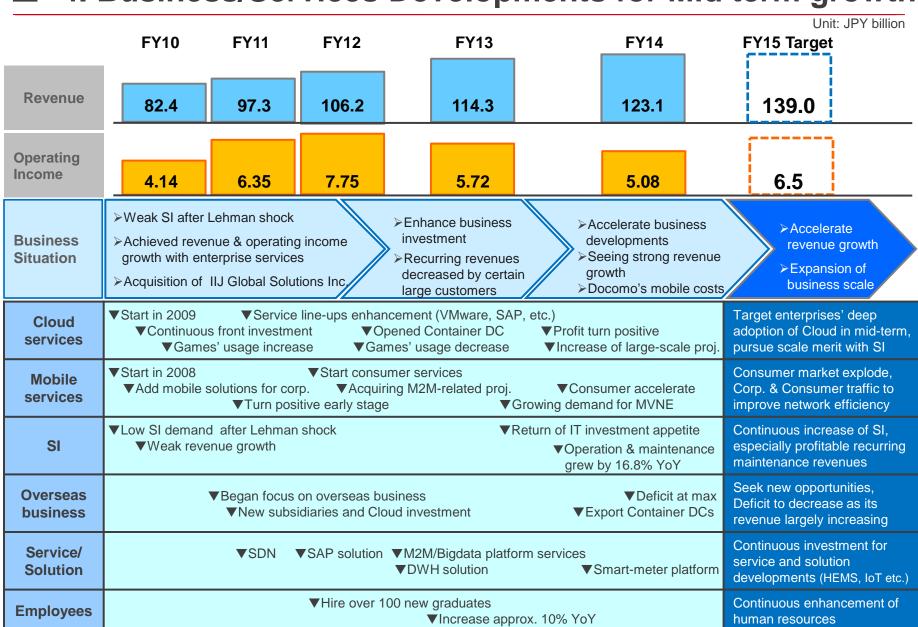
Business Developments

- > Requests to support build Cloud infrastructure from Asian countries
 - Jointly provide Cloud services with a local carrier in Indonesia (Mar. 2015)
- > Export container DCs to Laos and Russia, Expect transactions to expand in the middle-to-long term
 - Accumulating similar prospective orders from other emerging countries
- > Enhance network infrastructure including an expansion of Internet backbone
- > Overseas Cloud business developments
 - Enhanced Cloud service lineups for Europe. Providing VMware hypervisor services (Oct. 2014)
 - Launched Cloud services in Singapore (June 2014)



^{*1} Became our subsidiaries

III- 4. Business/Services Developments for Mid term growth



Ⅲ-5. FY2015 Financial Target

YoY = FY15 target compared to FY14 results

Unit: JPY billion

	FY15 Target (Apr. 2015 -Mar.2016)	FY14 Actual (Apr. 2014 -Mar.2015)	YoY (FY15 Target to FY14 Actual)	
Total Revenues	139.0	123.1	+15.9	+13.0%
Gross Margin	25.1	22.1	+3.0	+13.7%
Operating Income	6.5	5.1	+1.4	+28.1%
Income before Income Tax Expense	6.4	5.1	+1.3	+24.5%
Net Income attributable to IIJ	4.0	3.3	+0.7	+20.4%
Net Income attributable to IIJ per Share	JPY 87.07	JPY 72.31	+ JPY 14.76	+20.4%
Cash Dividends per Share	JPY 22.00 (Annual)	JPY 22.00 (Annual)	-	-

Mobile-related services

Target over 1 million subscription by Dec. 2015, Target revenue of approx. JPY13 billion for FY2015 (up JPY5.3 billion YoY). Expect a slight decrease in gross margin ratio due to an increase in unprofitable voice service revenues. Expect Docomo's mobile connectivity charge per bandwidth to decrease by 15% from the charge fixed in Mar. 2015.

Cloud-related services

Target revenue of over JPY15 billion (up JPY2.7 billion YoY) by accumulating enterprise needs. Expect gross margin to increase by over JPY0.4 billion along with revenue growth.

Overseas business

Target revenue of over JPY6.5 billion (up JPY1.6 billion YoY). Expect margin to increase by approx. JPY0.4 billion with revenue growth.

Enterprise network services

Target revenue (excluding Cloud and mobile related) to increase by approx. JPY1.8 billion, considering an enhanced sales activity and expecting no large revenue decrease in WAN services.

SI

Target revenue (excluding Cloud and overseas business related) to increase by approx. JPY3.8 billion with strong economy and accumulation of systems operation and maintenance revenue.

SG&A and R&D expenses

Expect to increase by approx. JPY1.6 billion which is almost the same amount increased in FY14, expecting the increase in personnel-related costs and sales commission fee etc...

Human resources

Hired 155 new graduates. Plan to hire 160 second-career personnel (including approx. 140 personnel to replace outsourcing resource). Expect personnel-related cost to increase by approx. JPY3.0 billion.

※ Forward-looking Statements

Statements made in this presentation regarding IIJ's or managements' intentions, beliefs, expectations, or predictions for the future are forward-looking statements that are based on IIJ's and managements' current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about its business and the industry. These forward-looking statements, such as statements regarding revenues, operating and net profitability are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause IIJ's actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include but not limited to:

- a decrease of corporate spending or capital expenditure due to depression in the Japanese economy and/or corporate earnings decreased,
- an inability to achieve anticipated results and cause negative impact on profitability,
- a possibility that less of reliability for our services and loss of business chances due to interrupt or suspend of our services,
- an excess increase in network rerated cost, mobile-related cost, and outsourcing cost, personnel cost etc,
- a possibility to lose business opportunity due to our inadequate resources in personnel and others,
- an increase in competition and strong pricing pressure,
- the recording of an impairment loss as a results of an impairment test on the non-amortized intangible assets such as goodwill,
- a decline in value and trending value of our holding securities.

Please refer to IIJ's filings on Form 20-F of its annual report and other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for other risks.

X Contact Information IIJ Investor Relations

lidabashi Grand Bloom, 2-10-2 Fujimi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 102-0071, Japan

TEL: 81-3-5205-6500 URL: http://www.iij.ad.jp/en/ir/ E-Mail: ir@iij.ad.jp

